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NEW COUNTRIES: Bosnia-Hercegovina and Macedonia.

BYELORUSSIA: Radio Minsk German service is now on Wednesdays and Saturdays only at 1930-2000. On Sundays a Swiss origin religious program in German at the same time : "Die Antwort", Postfach 767, CH-1701 Freiburg, Switzerland. [1] via [2] via [3]

CROATIA: Croatian Radio, Studio Zagreb has been heard at 1159 on a new frequency of 21480 kHz. A summary of news in English was broadcast between 1203 and 1207. [4] via [5]

1602 Radio Buje is heard. [6] via [7]

CZECHOSLOVAKIA: On 1521 there will be a new transmitter in Liberec going on the air with the program CS (Ceskoslovensko). [8] via [3]

ESTONIA: Here is the recent schedule for ER-4 (Eesti Raadio's Russian program on 1512/1566 & FM): Mon-Fri 0400-0700, 1000-1200 & 1600-1630 (Fri, irr.1700). Sat: 0600-0900 & 1100-1600, incl.1400-1500 in Ukrainian (produced in Kijiv) and 1500-1600 in Belarus (produced in Minsk). Sun 0600-1500. The above programs are produced by Eesti Raadio. In addition there are daily satellite relays of Radio Liberty (1700-1800) and VOA (2100-2200), both in Russian. Between all these programs there is a relay of Majak from Moscow. [9] via [3]

Current situation in the country : 612 ER-4 + R Rossii, 1512 ER-3 (Stereoraadio); 1566 is carrying Russian programs.

GERMANY: Since April 13th, the country prefix +49 is valid for telephone numbers in both parts of Germany. However, the digit "3" has to be added to all East German area codes except for Berlin. Thus, to call Sachsenradio in Leipzig, now use +49 341 511 51 (formerly: +37 41 511 51). As for Berlin, the area code (30) is now valid for both the western and eastern parts. [9] via [3]

GREECE: ERT Kozani is heard on split frequency of 1600 kHz, closing at 2200. [10] via [11]

ICELAND: The bad luck with the Vatnsendi 206 LW transmitter continues. Its 150 meter high mast from 1930 collapsed on February 3, 1990. A temporary antenna (T-shape type with 2 x 70 meter high masts) was installed last autumn and the transmitter was back on the air on October 31, 1991. But on March 9, 1992 a fire reached the powersupply building and totally destroyed it. It is uncertain when the transmitter can be back on the air again. It should be noted that the WRTH92 gives a wrong power for this transmitter (like in previous years). For at least 10 years this transmitter was run with only 50 kW ERP (instead of 100 kW) due to the bad conditions of the old antenna facilities. [9] via [3]

IRELAND: RTE is to sell part of its 50% stake in the longwave pop station Atlantic 252, with UK concert promoter Harvey Goldsmith's Allied Entertainment being the likely buyer. CLT, owners of R Luxembourg, are to maintain their 50% stake. [12] via [13] via [14] via [3]

Dublin's three universities have joined forces to apply for the "special interest" broadcasting licence in the city. The universities would take responsibility for evening programming with their partners, individuals associated with the National Association for Community Broadcasting, providing largely classical music-based programming for daytime. [12] via [15] via [14] via [3]

ITALY: 11390 Marconi Radio International is again on the air at 0831-1131. [16] via [7]

LATVIA: The MW+SW-transmitters in Riga are located at Ulbroka, some few kilometers off the city limits in the eastern direction. Since Latvian Radio 2 is broadcast on 945 kHz (instead of Majak), the 1071 kHz relay in Riga has been stopped. [9] via [3]

LITHUANIA: Radiocentras started on 1485 kHz in Vilnius with a 2.5kW transmitter on May 1st. The schedule is 0800-2400 local time. On Mondays there is an English DJ show at 2200-2400 local time. Radiocentras is now also on FM 101.0 MHz (0.4 kW) in Vilnius where it broadcasts 24 hours/day. A Second MW transmitter is under construction. It will be in Kaunas on 1458 kHz with 10 kW and it will have the same schedule as Vilnius MW. Radiocentras is considering installing MW transmitters (low power) also in Klaipeda, Siauliai and Panevezys, but a lot of problems have to be solved first, like coordinating frequencies and renting a micro-link line. (Well, those own AM-frequencies seems to be worth of own point if they really are owned and operated by Radiocentras./RKO) [9] via [3]

Radiocentras v/s is Sigitas Zilionis. [17]

Vilnius 612 is continuing to relay Majak from Moscow, despite some earlier announcements, since the Russian government has guaranteed a continuation of payment for the transmitter rent. [9] via [3]

Correcting a news about Lithuania : Only Radiocentras could be heard on MW (1107+1134) where it was broadcasting under the name "Studija Radio" as part of the 2nd program of Lithuanian Radio. Since March 1st, these relays have been replaced by own programs of the Lithuanian Radio and Radiocentras can be heard on FM now. [9] via [3]

R Vilnius announced that as of May 4th, they would be in English 2130-2200 on 666, 9675 and 9710; 2300-2330 on 11780 13645 and 15580. They have also been heard on 10344USB presumably feeding their programmes to

Far East transmitter sites. [18] via [19]

Radio Vilnius gave up the use of a transmitter in Ukraine which would cost them 1.5 million roubles a year for rent. They used for the March-May period transmitters in Krasnodar on 9530, Moldova on 11860, Petropavlovsk-Kamchatsky on 17605, Khabarovsk on 17690. This costs 2 million roubles a year rental, another 1 million roubles to get the programmes to the transmitters. [20] via [19]

LUXEMBOURG: RTL plans to issue a record or a cassette of the last night's broadcast in English on 1440 kHz. No further details known at present but should be available soon. [14] via [3]

MOLDOVA: BBC has signed an agreement in which its programmes in French, Romanian an Russian will be available three times a day in the country. [21] via [22]

1493 Edintsy, 25 kW noted by EBU Jokela. [23] via [8] via [3]

The Russian-speaking community in the Dnestr region has begun broadcasts of a station called Radio Pridnestrovye on 999 kHz. [24] via [5]

NETHERLANDS: Radio Netherlands' English Service is broadcasting to Europe at 1230 daily on 9855 kHz. The restoration of broadcasts to Europe followed 2500 protest letters from listeners. Radio Netherlands is currently exploring a "proper satellite alternative" to Europe. [25] via [5]

POLAND: The reserve 227 LW transmitter now covers only quarter of Poland, following the collapse of the main mast last year. A new transmitter is on order and should be installed in October, but still from the reserve mast. [26] via [13] via [14] via [3]

RUSSIA: The Radio Moscow Russian service is now the "Voice of Russia" ("Golos Rossii"). The foreign language service has become part of Russia's new Ostankino state TV and radio company. [27] via [24] via [5]

It should be noted that most of the "independent" stations in Russia are in fact joint ventures of former Gostelradio (Soviet State Radio & TV, now Russian State Radio & TV) or parts of its former or present staff with foreign investors (like R Nostalgia, Europa Plus Moskva) or stations run by present or ex-staff of these companies (like R Ala, R Rezonans, Delovaja Volna a.o.). They are easy to identify by their addresses which are State Radio addresses in Moscow, and access to high power transmitters. "True" independent stations are still very few in Russia. [9] via [3]

Radio Rossii v/s is Roman N.Grounine, Assistant to the Director, International Department. [17]

Radio Perm v/s is V.G. Burylov, Direktor. [17]

Radio Polyus is now heard also in 1053 kHz. Also R Oktrytyj Gorod is heard on the frequency. [28], [29], [30]

Radio Polyus latest schedule is 0430-1400 daily in Russian and some advertisements in English. [31] via [7]

Echo of Moscow now has the following schedule : 0400-0700 and 1600-2100 (Sat/Sun from 1500 and Sat to 0200) on 1206 kHz with 10 kW. The DX-Programme "Moscow Calling" by Alexey Panteleev and Andrej Nekrasov is broadcast on the second Sunday of the month at 2025. [32] via [33]

Radio Orfey (Orpheus) schedule: 0200-1800 on 1359 1161 1125 738. [34] via [35] via [36] via [37]

R Pamyat (National Patriotic Front "Memory", president Dimitrij Vasilev), schedule for 1992 : 2300-0030 for Siberia and Far East on 6145 (tx in Yekaterinburg, Asia), 1430-1600 for Europe on 12040 kHz and 1600-1900 for Moscow area and Northeast region on 12060 kHz (tx located near Moscow). The address: Valovaja Str. 32-4, 113054 Moscow. [32] via [33]

A new powerful transmitter is on 1395 with Radio 2 (Youth channel). [38] via [3]

R Galaxy has changed its frequency since 3 May 1992 to 11880kHz (ex-9880). The station is on the air 1900-2200. [39] via [40] in [37]

Radio Maximum is a new station broadcasting in Russian via transmitter in Perm on 846 kHz 1200-1800 daily and 0100-0430 Mon-Fri. FM frequency is 66.80 MHz. Tel. 32 33 04. [31] via [7]

Radio Ala (ALA=Alexander Leonovich Astafjev, "the station leader"). The latest schedule is 684 24h; 1386 0000-1300; 5040 1230-0300; 6015 1130-0300; 7400 0330-1200; 11685 0000-1100 and 11965 0330-1100. News every 15 minutes plus music. [31] via [7]

Radio Moscow is now looking for advertisers to broadcast commercials on their SW service. R Moscow has played a promo which asked for advertisers who wished to reach the 150 countries served by the World Service. [41] in [37]

Delovaya Volna has changed frequency to 1152 kHz (ex-1539). Reception is reported to be much better. [27] via [14] via [3]

Radiostantsiya Alef (Alef means the letter "A" in Hebrew) is a new station, first heard on April 21st. Describes itself as being a programme prepared by Radio Moscow and Jewish Children's Association. The programme is announced as being for Moscow, Moscow Oblast and Israel. Programmes are in Russian with advertisements and occasional announcement in Hebrew. The schedule : 1600-1630 Tue/Thu/Sun on 7130 and 12075 kHz; other days these frequencies carry Radio Moscow's Arabic service. [24] via [2]

Radio Radonezh, orthodox station, is on 11675 1130-1330 and on 9450 at 1500-1700. [24] via [2]

603 Salekhard 50 kW; 639 Omsk 50 kW; 1107 Arkhang-

elsk; 1134 Shredziki; 1233 a strong station noted all day; 1278 Balashov 6 kW; 1287 Balashov? noted here too; 1476 Onguday; 1503 Belgorod; all noted by EBU Jokela. [23] via [8] via [3]

"Novaya Volna" (in English "New Wave") is a new station. Editor of the station is Mr. Vladimir Razin. Broadcasting via Radio 1 at 0900-1000, 1900-2000 and via External Service at 0700-0800 and 1700-1800 on Tue/Wed/Fri/Sun on 25,31,41 and 49 mb. (Heard at least on 9890 and 11820). Programs are in Russian but advertisements also in English. [31] via [7]

Radio Space's reception reports should be addressed to QSL-manager Andrei Nekrasov. He asks to include 2 IRCs or 1$. [42] via [7]

SLOVENIA: R Slovenia on 918 kHz is using an old 100 kW transmitter here as the 600 kW transmitter they normally use was destroyed in an air attack. [43] via [44] via [3]

Radio Vrbas 1359 kHz is using a 2 kW transmitter. [43] via [44] via [3]

SPAIN: R5 Alicante is now on 936 kHz (ex-1395). [6] via [7]

837 R Popular de Sevilla v/s is Juan A. Munoz, Jefe de Servicios Tecnicos. [45] via [7]

R Popular de Oviedo/Asturias is now on 1143 kHz (ex-1134). [46] via [7]

RNE5 Badajoz is now operating on 1503 kHz. [46] via [7]

COPE Badajoz has moved to 1269 kHz (ex-1134). [47] via [48]

Radio Girona has moved to 1008 kHz (ex-1485). [47] via [48]

UKRAINE: Radio Kiev has changed its name to Radio Ukraine as of March 17. [49] in [37]

Radio Ukraine has been heard on the out-of-band frequency of 7970 kHz from as early as 0038 until past 0230. This is in parallel with 9685 kHz. [4] via [5]

1476 Radio Nezelesnic is heard. [50]

7244.9 Radio Lugansk has been heard with local programmes from 1500. [51] via [52] via [21] via [22], [38] via [53] via [2]

UNITED KINGDOM: The Radio Authority has received one application for the Montgomeryshire AM licence from Radio Maldwyn; one application has also been received for the Ludlow AM licence from Sunshine 819. [54] via [15] via [14] via [3]

University Radio Bath is on 963 kHz with low power. Currently the station is campaigning to get an FM licence. [55] via [37]

Asian Sound Radio opened on April 10th with 24 hour service in English and Urdu on 1602. QTH is P.O.Box 63, Northern District Office, Manchester M8. [56] via [19]

603 The Cheltenham licence has been awarded to West Country Radio, which already has been renamed to Ten Radio Ltd to avoid confusion with the recent TV franchise winners. The station propose to have a MOR format targeting the over 25 year group. On air date is not known. [12] via [57] via [3]

There were five bidders for the National radio channel vacated by Radio 3. The companies making these bids are: (1) Independent National Broadcasting Company with a bid of £4.01M (the group is a consortium of Sheffield businessmen and former radio executives); (2) Virgin and TV-am (in a joint 50-50 venture) with a bid of £1.88M; (3) 20/20 Radio (backed by Chiltern Radio) with a bid of £1.31M; (4) Score Radio (backed by Scotland's Radio Clyde) with a bid of £701 000 and (5) National Rock Radio with a bid of £211 000. This bid was from Allied Entertainment and Atlantic 252. The group said that its two partners - RTE and CLT could not justify a bid higher than £211K. Capital Radio, London did not make a bid and said it considered local rather than National Radio was a better investment. The Radio Authority was supposed to announce the winner in April. [58] via [57] via [3]

YUGOSLAVIA: Citizens of Titograd, capital of Montonegro, have recently voted on whether to change the city's name back to Podgorica. [59] via [3]

Beograd 202 is heard on unlisted 1215 kHz //1503 and FM. [60] via [2] via [3]

CREDITS: [1] WWH [2] Short Wave News [3] Arctic Radio Club [4] Richard Langley [5] Sweden Calling DXers [6] Horst Rauch [7] Play-DX [8] BE [9] BT [10] Sixten Nyman [11] Frekvensnytt [12] Broadcast [13] DK [14] British DX-Club [15] MET [16] Dario Monferini [17] Mika Mäkeläinen [18] MB [19] Contact [20] World of Radio [21] Communication [22] Distance [23] European Broadcasting Union [24] BBC Monitoring Service [25] Media Network [26] Polish Radio [27] Radio Moscow [28] Jorma Mäntylä [29] Jussi Korhonen [30] Jari Korhonen [31] Anatoli Klepov [32] G.Grigoriev [33] Radio Magazine [34] Shigenori Aki [35] Tetsuya Kondo [36] Jason Berro [37] InterNet [38] Olle Alm [39] Yoshinori Kato [40] Toshio Tachibana [41] Tom Davis [42] Andrei Nekrasov [43] Radio Slovenia [44] Björn Fransson [45] R.Pavanello [46] Per-Ole Stenman [47] Pedro Moñino [48] El Dial [49] Nykolai Bilaniuk [50] Ari Inkinen [51] Finn Krone [52] AWR [53] SWB [54] UK Press Gazette [55] Simon Jude [56] AD [57] MWC [58] Times [59] Göteborgsposten [60] IC